



HUB: All Your Kitchen Appliances in One Device

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We throw tons of products away each year

1. United States

236,000,000 tons/yr

2. Russia

207,400,000 tons/yr

3. Japan

52,360,000 tons/yr



I set out to create a **product platform** that demonstrates Product Longevity by **empowering consumers to take an active role in prolonging the life of products.**

To Design for Longevity, Products should be:



Environmentally **Responsible** :

Making products consumer serviceable gives people the ability to service their products when they stop working over a period of time.



Economically **Profitable** :

Allowing for Part-share modularity creates an ecosystem that means consumers can buy only 1 base unit (HUB) but attach an expanding amount of sub units to leverage the same internal components.



Consumer **Desirable** :

Creating a high-end and desirable product that appeals to target consumers. In this case the target consumer is one who has a small space living situation

Target Consumer



Independent :

Men & women that live either alone or with a significant other or roommate



Small Space Living :

Because these individuals are independent, they don't require a lot of living space.



City Dweller :

Mid—High Income individuals with a desire to live inner city where prices are high, & space is limited.

Design



Timeless :

A product designed for longevity has to last for generations, so the design should as well.



Efficient :

The form should respect the function.



Approachable :

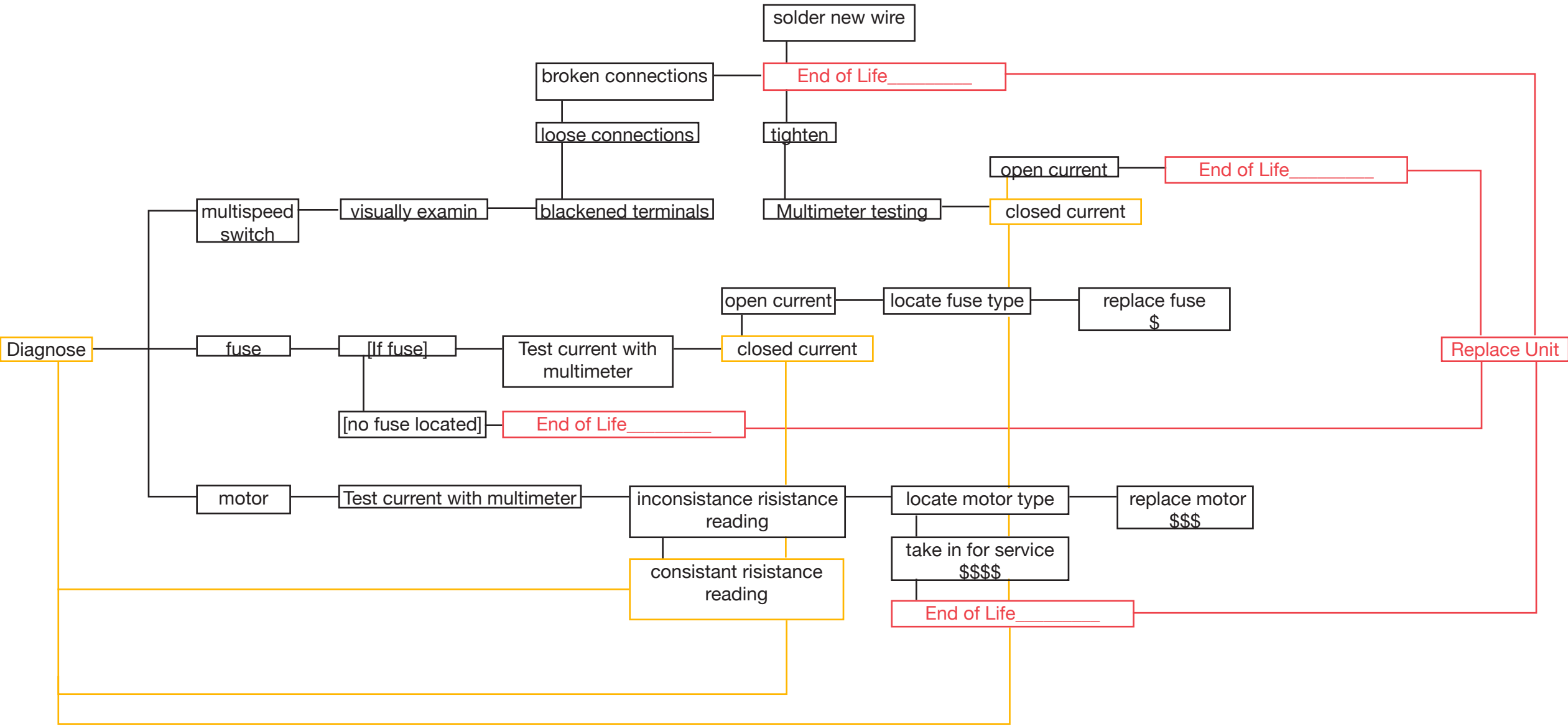
The complexity of product repair can be very intimidating to consumers. So the form of this product should be inviting.

Now the fun starts:

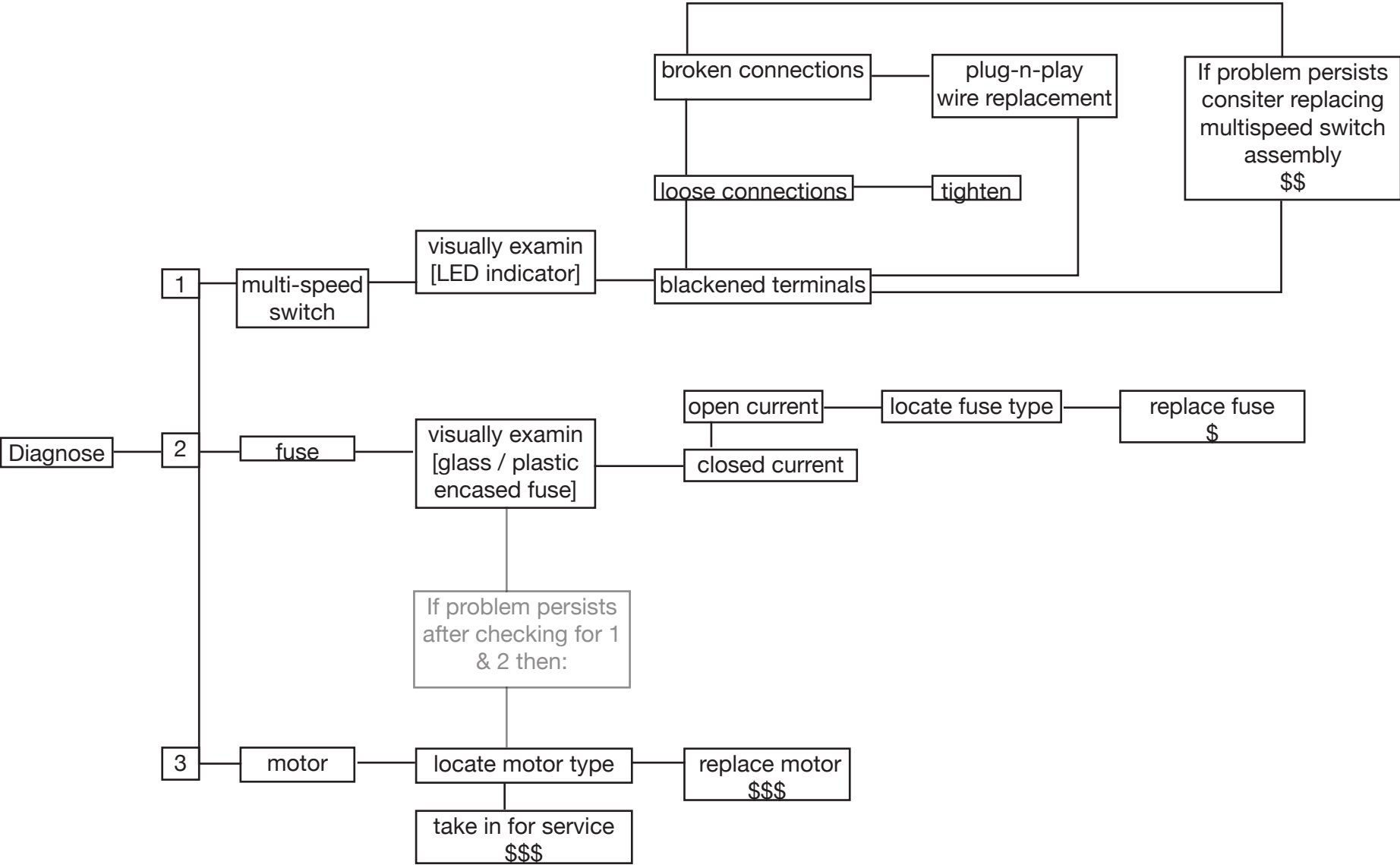
In order to design a system that allows consumers to better understand how to repair their products, I first needed to understand the current process for fixing a product is. I started with a fairly simple device (blender) and through research, product analysis, and reverse engineering, I mapped out the process one would take to diagnose and fix a blender (Figure A).

Based on what I learned, I was able to re-map the process to create a more user-friendly approach to diagnosing and fixing a blender. This approach (figure B) directly influenced the functional design of the HUB unit.

Current Process to fix a blender
figure A



Consumer-Optimized Process to fix a blender
figure B



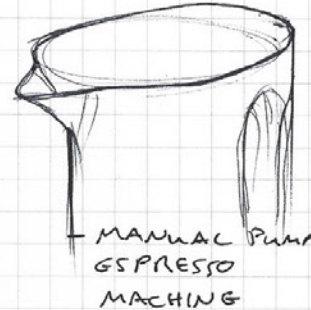
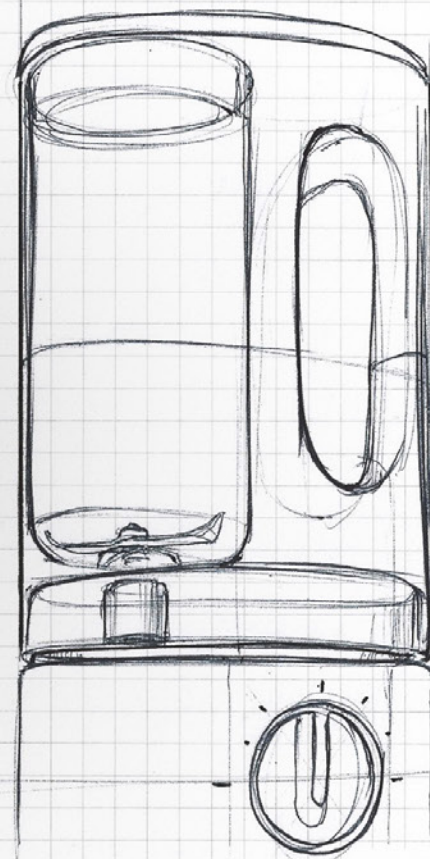
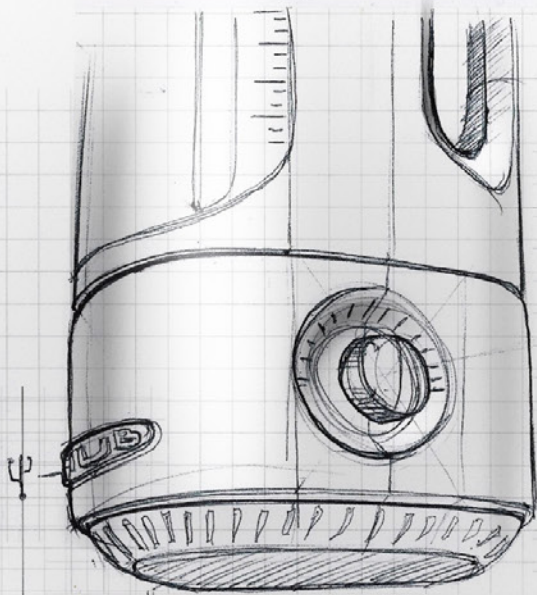
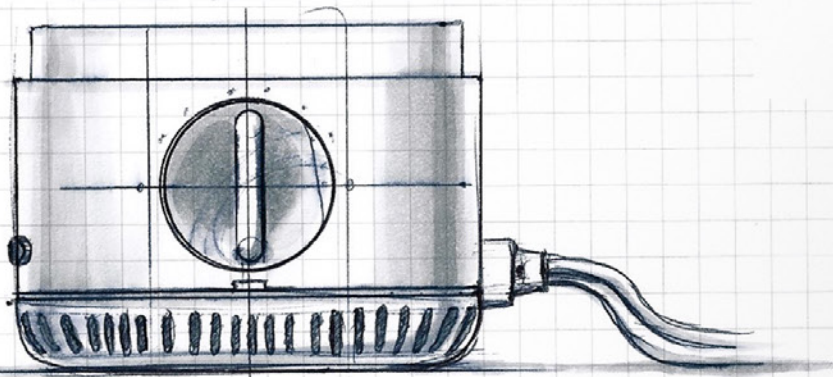
What I learned:

It's not so much about learning how to fix a blender, it's about realizing how many dead ends are built into many consumer products. All it takes a little investigation. Knowing why and how things are a certain way allows one to make meaningful changes.

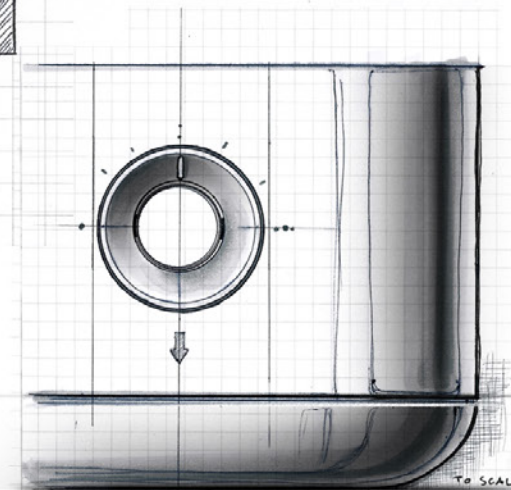
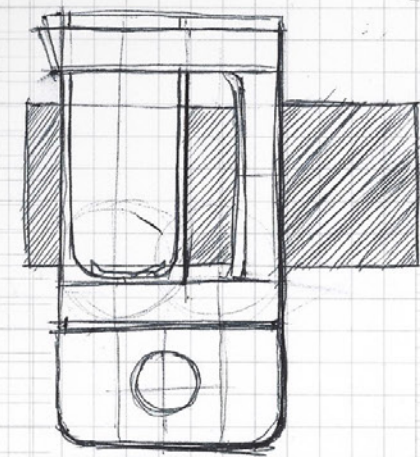
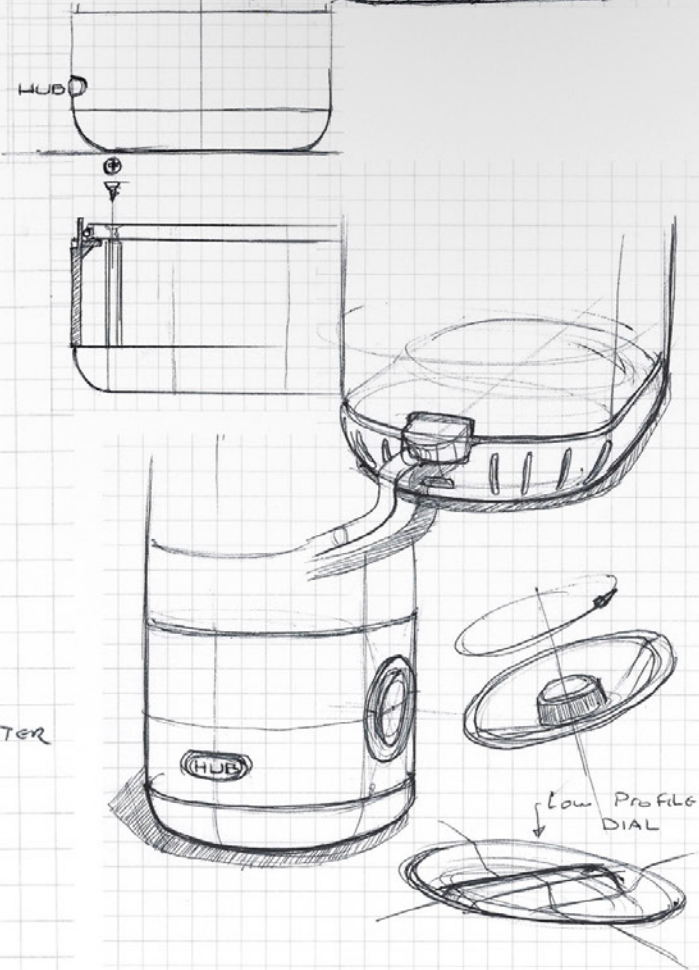
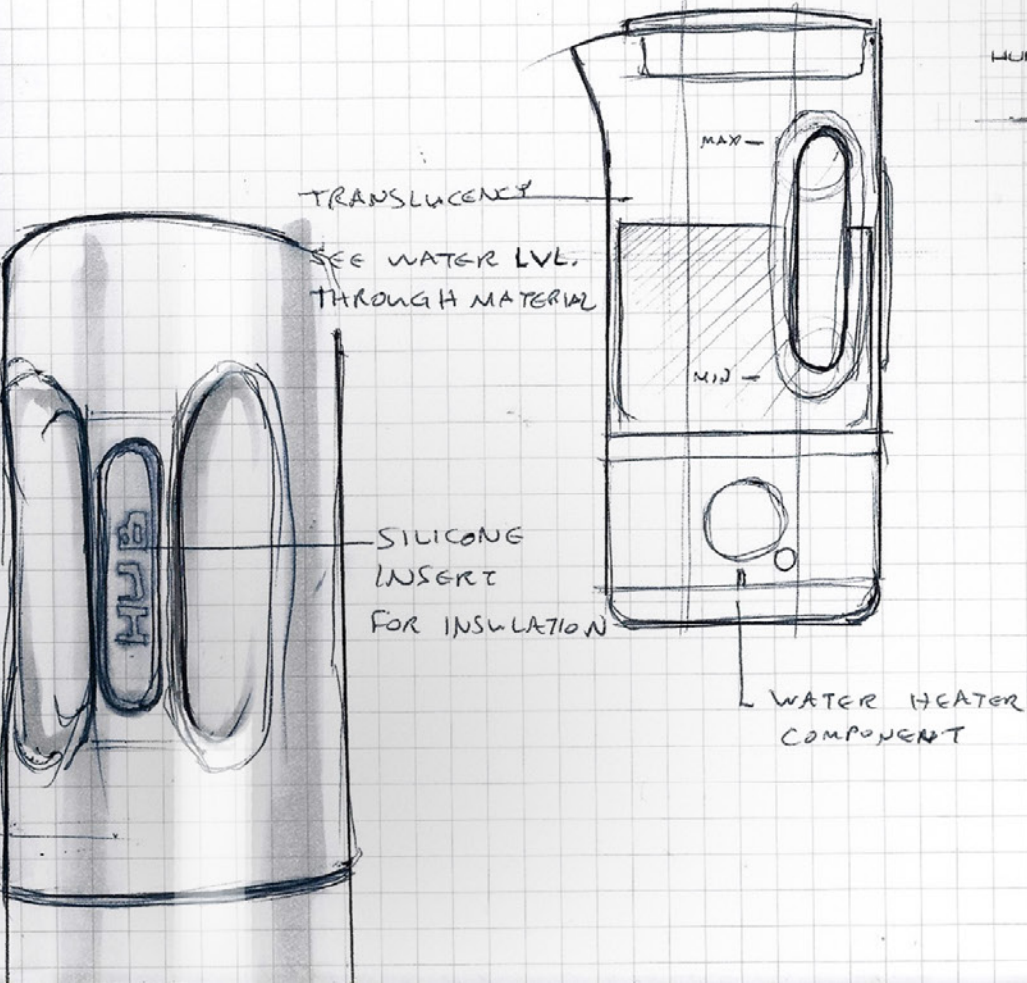
Figure A (the current process) was overcomplicated and filled with dead ends, while figure B was more straight forward and to the point.

I wanted HUB to be straight forward and to the point.

Form Ideation

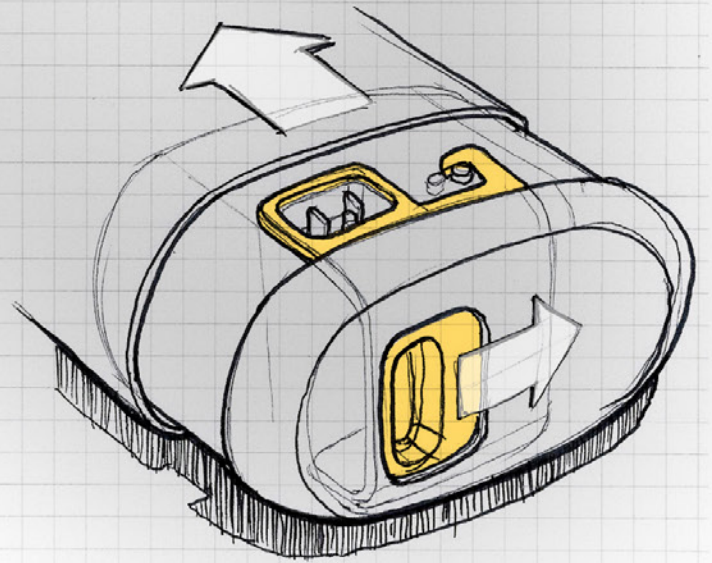
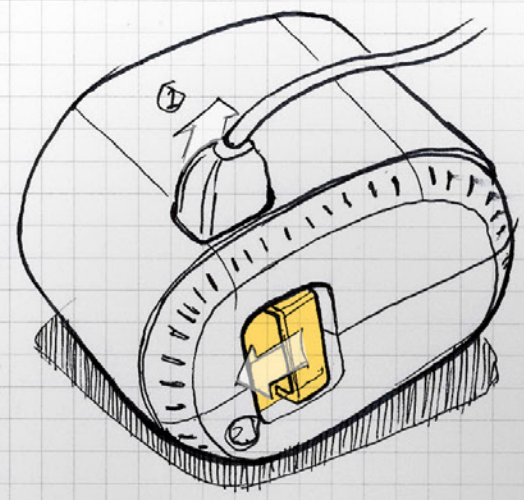
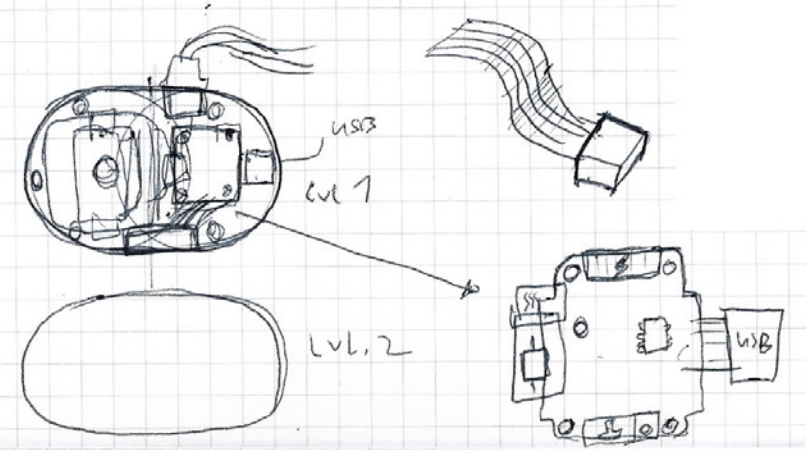
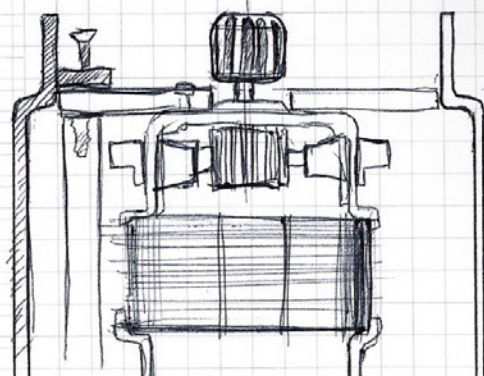
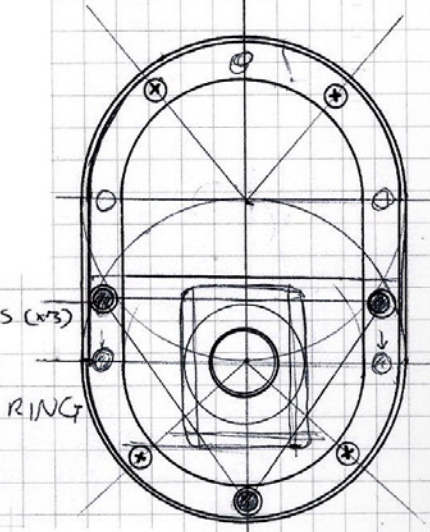
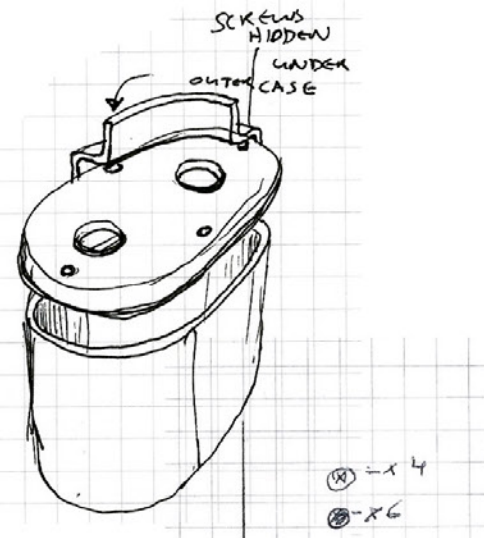
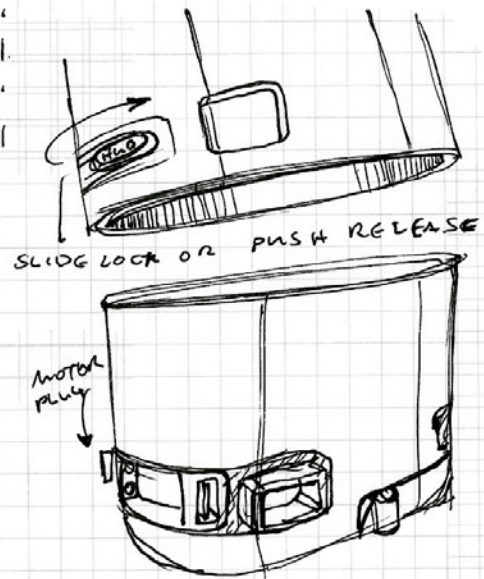
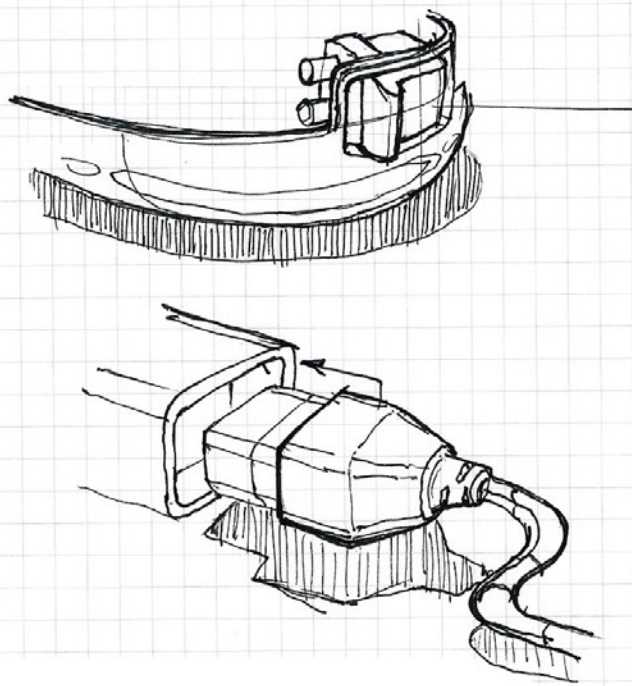
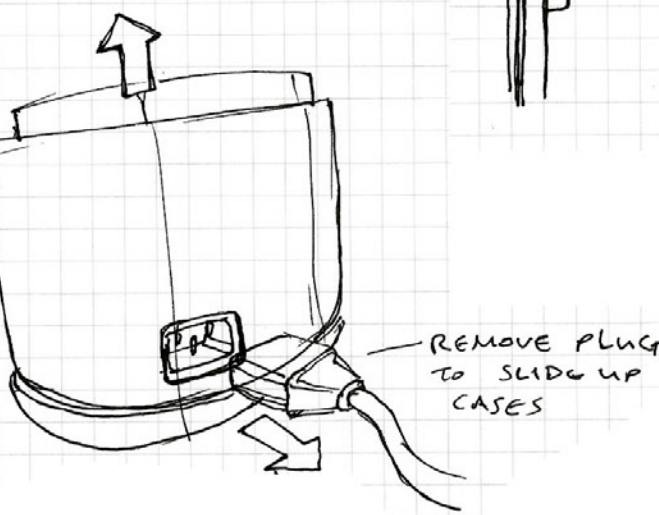
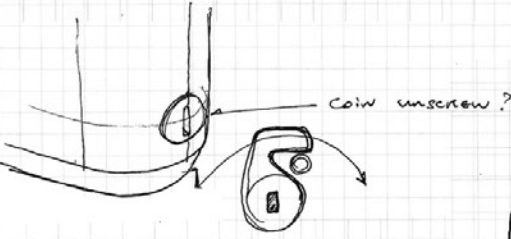
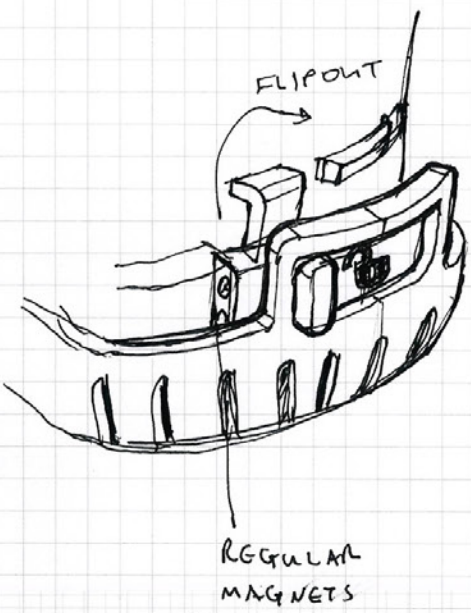


- MANUAL PUMP ESPRESSO MACHINE
- KETTLE
- BLENDER
- MIXER
- BLE. COFFEE MAKER



TO SCALE

Function Ideation





Designed to be versatile, economical, & mass appealing.

Designed for the modern day kitchen...
& the kitchen of the future



Motor

Heating Contact



Recessed Control Dial:
Allows external housing to slide off
without the unnecessary removal of a
protruding knob.



Plug Port
uses a standard AC
chord— convenient for
both International use



Motor cooling vents
designed to be uniformed
& visually balanced

Lock Latch
ergonomic
handle unlocks
the outer
housing



Safety:
prevents users from
opening HUB without
1st unplugging it



Accessibility



Safety



Convenience



Multi-functionality

Standard Philips Screws (x6):
allows access for removing internal
components

Heating Contact:

PC Board Access Door:
To unplug components

LED Diagnostics Window:
check engine light to diagnose switch,
connectors, motor, & fuse components

Lock Latch:
1st mode of interaction before user
can access internal components

Motor:
can be swapped out when failure
occurs over time.

Latch gate:
prevents opening product while in use

Motor Vents:
keeps unit cool





Thank you.