The Poetry of Transcendence

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MFA Fine Arts

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Thesis

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The Poetry of Transcendence



"An awareness of death is what connects us to objects through our own sensate bodies, and an interrogation of objects mirrors our own mortality. Sensation and imagination defy the inevitable passage from life to death."

-Josephine Halvorson



rustling nostalgia, 2013 discarded painting and cement, 32" x 26"  $\,$ 

"To mark a grave is to extend the life of the dead through the memory and imagination of the living."

-Josephine Halvorson

"I See painting as a place to acknowledge the time revealed by object that are in the process of disappearing when legibility is more subject to erasures and erasure more subject to legibility."

-Josephine Halvorson



Elusive Butterfly , 2013 Discarded painting, Cement, 18" x 16"

17

As an artist, I want to create artwork that presents the liminal space between life and death so that it enables the viewer to think about their own loss and invisible mortality. I want the viewer to imagine various stories including their own stories behind the objects that I created. I feel destiny owned me in this direction.

A small pedestrian bridge in my neighborhood in Seoul was a part of my everyday life; I crossed it daily. One day, it was taken down overnight without notice and the absence of the bridge made the surrounding area immediately foreign and isolated despite my intimate familiarity of the area. I took a lot of time to remap the surroundings and realize that the space is same except the vanished bridge. I just couldn't believe that the bridge is gone and it just happened while I was sleeping. I was bewildered at the site of the sudden change as well as by the fact that I am the only one who cares about the disappeared bridge. The invisible trace of the bridge impressed me so much and gave me a radical point of view on object's effectiveness and annihilability to define an environment and form one's memory. I believe that this happening was a subplot of my upcoming things in my life and art.

Soon after, I left Korea to study in New York and started living by myself without a family and friends. In New York, everything was different. A lot of things happened and changed and kept leading me to a different environment. Two years later since I have lived in New York, I started working in production at an apparel company and at the same period of time, I got married with a man who became a supporter of me studying Fine Arts later. A year later, I was laid off from the company. It gave me a depression and was not easy at all than I expected to get over it. I had to remap my life again from this sudden change that I didn't expect. After half a year of thinking, I decided to study Fine Arts, which was what I really wanted to do since I was young and gave up for the lack of confidence.

Since I started to create this art, all of my experiences of loss and the trauma from it including the disappeared bridge event became important inspirations to find my own subject matter. I was surprised

by that there were so many objects, actually all of the objects in the world, have distinctive histories and traces. When the objects that triggered my memories were turned into significant objects for my work by doing so, I wanted to express all kinds of losses, we inevitably experience in life. These objects with their solemn traces can be reinterpreted as a kind of death in a matter of speaking, and perhaps a kind of remembering.

19

Remembering
—Shadow
of
Original

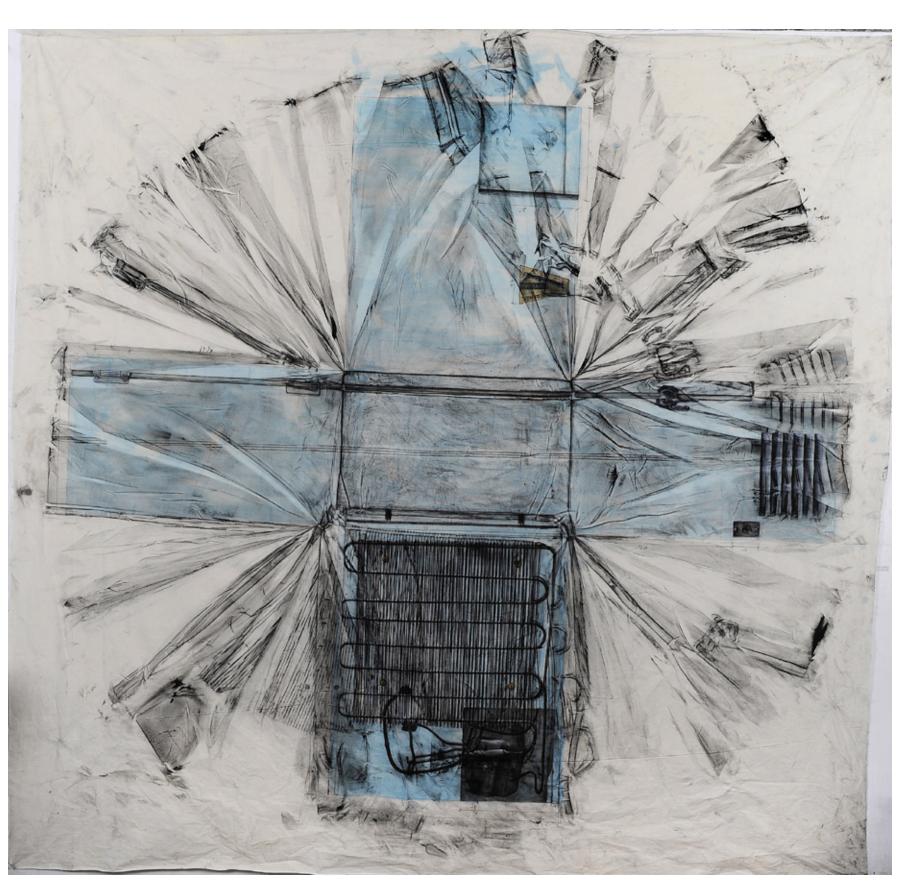
My early works are simple oil paintings on canvas, broadly based on my disappearing bridge experience. In them, tension exists between space and its elements, most of which are people. Continuing the development of my work, I attempted to create illusions in space to reproduce the confusion that arose from the bridge experience. It was trompe l'oeil of sensation that allowed me to experiment with that idea. What is an image and what is really there were my questions when I painted objects around us. I placed my painted image next to its object. For example, I duplicated entryways on canvas and installed the work next to the original objects. Even though the physical dimensions are identical, the objects in the paintings exist in a different space, arousing tension through the fracture of ordinary expectations. And most of time people couldn't realize that one of them is a painting. From that experience, it tells us that what we expect to see and how it is embedded our mind and affects psychologically. We cherish invisible afterimages like a shadow even though the object is not existed any more and try to remember it at the place where it was there.

During this process, I drew ample amounts of inspiration from Christo and Jeanne-Claude and Robin Rhode – finding beauty in daily lives using easily accessible materials such as fabrics and charcoal, turning public spaces into their canvas, and inviting viewers to actively interact with their work. I experimented with similar site-specificity in my Turnstile series by installing them in busy subway entryways thereby turning the public space into my canvas and inviting the commuters to interact with my work.

Further interests in the object's existential matter led my work to be broken free from the two dimensional canvas. I wanted to experiment our mental processes and memories to "own" the object. I tried to fully

deconstruct the Euclidian perspective, simultaneously expressing the threedimensional physical world as well as the two-dimensional canvas. This was done by wrapping the object with muslin and painting on it, then unwrapping the work. Before doing that, I also painted a planner figure again all the dimensions I measured in detail so that two different images - an image by rubbing and an image by painting overlapped each other. This approach is displayed in Staircase and the Fire Door series, where all the information of the three-dimensional object is present but exists in a distorted form through the conflict with the two-dimensional medium. The finite, variable and extinguishable nature of the physical world is thereby conveyed.





21

ilue Refrigerator, 2011 il, black gesso & charcoal on fabric, 95″ x 98″



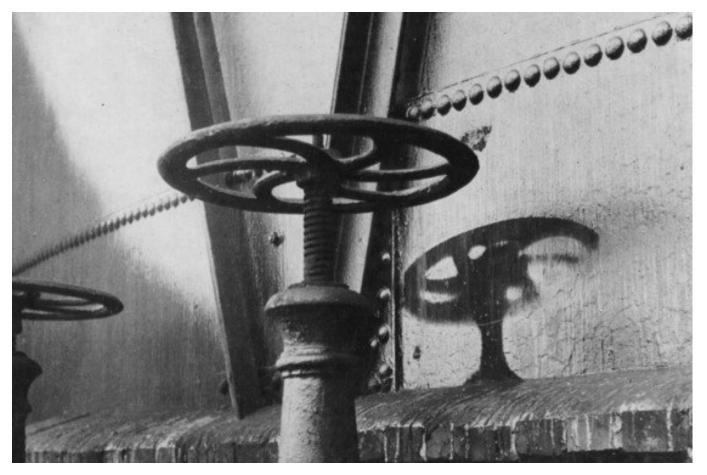
יורפ באוג, עטוו oil, black gesso & charcoal on fabric, 111" x פ

-Christo

Jee Hee Kang 26 The Poetry of Transcendence 27









The lost city of Pompeii

Mount Vesuvius, a volcano near the Bay of Naples in Italy, is hundreds of thousands of years old and has erupted more than 50 times. Its most famous eruption took place in the year 79 A.D., when the volcano buried the ancient Roman city of Pompeii under a thick carpet of volcanic ash. The dust "poured across the land" like a flood, one witness wrote, and shrouded the city in "a darkness...like the black of closed and unlighted rooms." Two thousand people died, and the city was abandoned for almost as many years. When a group of explorers rediscovered the site in 1748, they were surprised to find that—underneath a thick layer of dust and debris—Pompeii was mostly intact. The buildings, artifacts and skeletons left behind in the buried city have taught us a great deal about everyday life in the ancient world (History).

The permanent shadow of Hiroshima

Hiroshima was an event that left both the emotional shadows of tragedy and also permanent physical shadows on the landscape of Hiroshima, Japan. The great force of the nuclear weapon created these shadows. Thermal radiation travels in a straight line, which means that when an object blocks it, it creates a shadow. These shadows still exist around Japan today. For example, a wheel blocked some of the radiation and created a shadow against the nearby wall. This was a very common occurrence across Japan. Sometimes, there were shadows left of people, but no bodies found. This resulted from the extreme heat of the explosion, which vaporized the bodies, leaving the shadows behind. The shadows are a unique occurrence from the nuclear explosion and they remain even after many years. These shadows stand by as a reminder of a horrific moment in history. They serve as a reminder of the value of human life (Omg-facts).

<u>In</u> Memoriam

I grew up with my grand father being a painter. My grandfather's paintings always astonished me. In my grandfather's house, many of his expressionist oil paintings displayed on the wall, and they always impressed me and I grew attached to them. When he moved to an apartment from his beautiful two stories house, he got rid of most of his paintings. When I heard that, I was very sad.

In SVA, I wanted to continue to create an artwork that presents the liminal space between the life and death so that it enables the viewers to think about their own loss and mortality. I wanted the viewer to imagine a lot of various stories behind the objects that I created. And my first project for all of these started by destiny when I visited a flea market in Brooklyn.

On a recent visit to a flea market in Brooklyn, I saw a number of abandoned old paintings similar to my grand father's paintings.

It was a depressing sight at the flea market, and I felt nostalgia for my grandfather's paintings. I was moved to buy some of these paintings and wanted to give them new lives indeterminately. At my studio, I wasn't sure about what to do with these old paintings. I tried the frottage skill on them as I used to do before, but it didn't look good for me. In keeping with my interest, I talked to my professor about my issue, and I was told about the residents of the ancient city of Pompeii that were killed instantly by a pyroclastic blast as well as the everlasting shadows of Hiroshima, which was caused by nuclear explosion during WWII in Japan. Both were very inspirational and it lead me to use cement to preserve the paintings permanently.

I poured water mixed cement over the found paintings and removed them from the cement after they dried. The brush strokes and the paints left on the surface of the cement enabled me to imagine how the original paintings looked like. Through a process of destroying the paintings and preserving its traces in heavy, solid concrete, my visceral reactions and embedded memories on the traditional paintings were revealed. It was also the moment of remapping my memories on my grandfather's paintings and sublimating them in art.





Jee Hee Kang 32 The Poetry of Transcendence

by Sarah Holland-Batt

<u>The</u> <u>Art</u>

<u>of</u>

**Disappearing** 

The moon that broke on the fencepost will not hold. Desire will not hold. Memory will not hold.

The house you grew up in: its eaves; its attic will not hold.

The still lives and the Botticellis will not hold.

The white peaches in the bowl will not hold.

Something is always about to happen.

You get married, you change you name,

and the sun you wore like a scarf on your wrist has vanished.

It is an art, this ever more escaping grasp of things;

imperatives will not still it-no stay or wait or keep

to seize the disappeared and hold it clear, like pain.

33

So tell the car idling in the street to go on;

tell the skirmish of chesspieces to go on

tell the scraps of paper, the lines to go on.

It is winter: that means the blossoms are gone,

that means the days are getting shorter.

And the dark water flows endlessly on.

Jee Hee Kang The Poetry of Transcendence

"Our relationship to the objects we love runs all the way through our lives as human beings – from a toddler's security blanket through the lovingly caredfor car or a lady's designer handbag to the collection of objects that has been gathered together over the years. Our relationship to these things involves extremely personal matters: identity and how we see ourselves; our sense of where we belong in society; our own biography."

-Annette Schäfer, "We Are What We Have"

Extraordinary
life
of
ordinary
objects

My nephew, Lim, when she was a baby, she was always playing with a small blanket until it got really tattered. Every time my aunt tried to take the blanket from her, she cried at the top of her voice like she lost her country from an enemy. It was quite fascinating to watch her behavior for me and I was wondering what makes Lim treat the old and shabby blanket as a valuable thing in an obsessive way and why she feels anxiety when it is taken away from her. I used to think that this obsessive behavior to a certain object only happens to a baby as a distinctive characteristic from an adult. However, I realized that most of adults have this kind of psychology on the objects that they have consciously and subconsciously.

As an example, when we are married, we wear rings to suggest that we are not single anymore. It shows that where we belong personally and socially. Wearing a wedding ring is a sign of the commitment we are making to our spouse and to our marriage. It's about a relationship and a vocation, and about God's blessing on that relationship. The ring becomes, as it were, a public profession of your marriage and what it continues to mean to you.

Objects that a person carries define the person and the person's emotional attachment to it grows when he or she cares about it, even though it is not that valuable unlike the diamond ring to others like my nephew's ragged blanket.

It really applies to my experiences that I mentioned in this essay. I had a great amount of emotional attachment to my grand father's paintings. I was thrust into a fantastic atmosphere whenever I looked at it. It made me proud of my family and myself. It had me dream to be an artist. When they were discarded, I was the only one who cares about the paintings so much, even more than my grand father who painted them. I felt like a thread that

links myself to the paintings to the pleasant emotions to the desire to become an artist was snapped.

35

Regardless of relative value, loss of something valuable and the traumatic experience we receive when they are gone from our lives became an important subject matter for me and I want to develop my work visually based on that. I can give an extraordinary life to ordinary objects through bringing them into my art. Recently, I started drawing, which is depicting small objects around me along with a new sculpture using cement and a real object like a shopping cart. It is a different gesture to express my thoughts on common objects in a more playful way than before. And I believe that there are a lot of methods with an endless possibility to convey my message of the relationship between a person and the objects, which are fully able to represent human being's life and death.

Ode by Pablo Neruda

things

I have a crazy, crazy love of things.

I like pliers, and scissors.

I love

cups, Mankind has rings, built

and bowls -

not to speak, or course, oh so many of hats. perfect I love things!

all things,
not just
and of wood,
the grandest,
also
of rope:
the
remarkable
infiniteBuilt them of wool
and of rood,
of glass and
of rope:
tremarkable
tables,

ships, and stairways.

small –

ly

thimbles, I love spurs, all plates, things,

and flower vases. not because they are

passionate

these buttons

and wheels

and little

forgotten

treasures,

fans upon

whose feathers

its blossoms,

scissors -

the trace

all bear

lost

love has scattered

glasses, knives and

the trace of a distant hand

in the depths of forgetfulness.

Oh yes, or sweet-smelling the planet but because, is sublime! I don't know,

It's full of pipes because
weaving this ocean is yours,
hand-held and mine;

through tobacco smoke,

and keys and salt shakers -

everything, I mean,

that is made by the hand of man, every little thing:

shapely shoes, and fabric, and each new bloodless birth of gold,

eyeglasses carpenter's nails,

brushes, clocks, compasses,

clocks, compasses, coins, and the so-soft softness of chairs. I pause in houses, streets and elevators touching things,

identifying objects that I secretly covet; this one because it rings,

that one because

it's as soft

as the softness of a woman's hip, that one there for its deep-sea color,

and that one for its velvet feel.

O irrevocable

river
of things:
no one can say
that I loved

only fish.

or the plants of the jungle and the field,

that I loved

only

those things that leap and climb, desire,

and survive. It's not true:

many things conspired to tell me the whole story. Not only did they touch me, or my hand touched them:

they were so close

of someone's fingers that they were a part on their handle or surface, of my being,

of fifty belli

they were so alive with me that they lived half my life and will die half my death.

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